Matter Topic#3

Objectives

- Matter (Elements, Compounds, and Mixtures.)
 - o Differentiate between chemical and physical properties of matter.
 - o Categorize changes as either physical or chemical.
 - o Determine differences between elements, compounds, and mixtures.
 - o Prove the Law of Conservation of Mass.
 - Distinguish between symbols and formulas.

Vocabulary

- atom
- pure substance
- change of state
- reactant
- chemical
- solid
- chemical change
- weight
- chemical property

- product
- chemical reaction
- plasma
- chemistry
- compound
- physical property
- compound
- physical change
- element

- period
- extensive property
- nonmetal
- family (or group)
- mixture
- gas
- metal
- heterogeneous
- matter

- homogeneous
- mass
- intensive property
- liquid
- molecule
- metalloid (semimetal, semiconductor)

Formulas/Conversion Definitions/Diagrams

Formulas

density = mass \div volume, d = m/V (label: (g) = g/L, (l) = g/mL, and $(s) g/cm^3$ or g/mL

Drawings:

<u>Phase Diagram Activity</u>: Key Words (gas, liquid, solid, melting, freezing, vaporization, condensation, sublimation, and deposition.

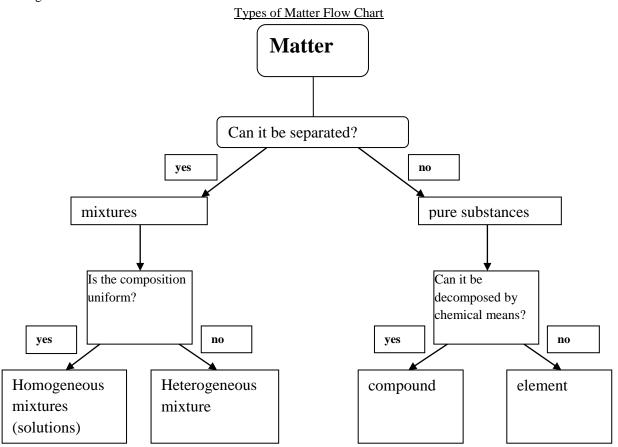
<u>Matter Flow Chart Activity</u>: Key Words (pure substances, matter, mixtures, elements, compounds, homogeneous mixtures, separates upon standing, never separates, uniform, atom, molecule, heterogeneous mixtures, chemically combined, metals-nonmetals-metalloids and solutions)

Tables:

Old Names for Elements

Elements with Symbols Based on Older Names		
Modern Name	Symbol	Older Name
antimony	Sb	stibium
copper	Cu	cuprum
gold	Au	aurum
iron	Fe	ferrum
lead	Pb	plumbum
mercury	Hg	hydrargyrum
potassium	K	kalium
silver	Ag	argentum
sodium	Na	natrium
tin	Sn	stannum
tungsten	W	wolfram

Diagrams:



Periodic Table

